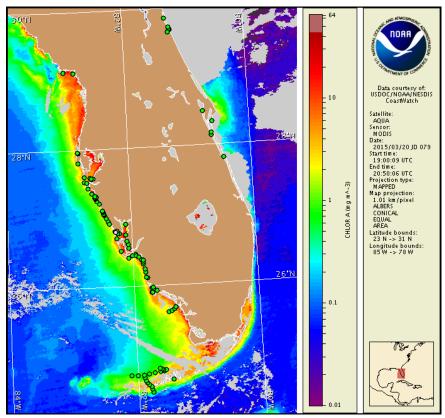


Gulf of Mexico Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin

Region: Southwest Florida Monday, 23 March 2015 NOAA National Ocean Service NOAA Satellite and Information Service

NOAA National Weather Service Last bulletin: Monday, March 16, 2015



Satellite chlorophyll image with possible *K. brevis* HAB areas shown by red polygon(s), when applicable. Points represent cell concentration sampling data from March 15 to 19: red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue (very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). Cell count data are provided by Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) Fish and Wildlife Research Institute. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide:

http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/habfs_bulletin_guide.pdf

Detailed sample information can be obtained through FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute at: http://myfwc.com/redtidestatus

To see previous bulletins and forecasts for other Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin regions, visit at: $\frac{\text{http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/bulletins.html}}{\text{http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/bulletins.html}}$

Conditions Report

Karenia brevis (commonly known as Florida red tide) ranges from not present to background concentrations along the coast of southwest Florida, and not present in the Florida Keys. No respiratory irritation is expected alongshore southwest Florida Monday, March 23 through Monday, March 30.

Check http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/beach_conditions.html for recent, local observations.

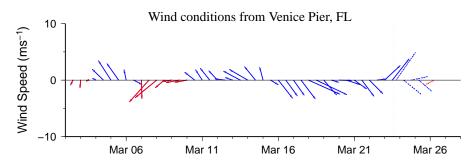
Analysis

Recent samples received from along- and offshore southwest Florida, from Pinellas to Monroe counties, including the Florida Keys, all indicate that *Karenia brevis* is not present, with the exception of two samples with background concentrations collected from Charlotte County (FWRI, SCHD, MML; 3/15-3/19).

In recent MODIS Aqua imagery (3/20, shown left), elevated chlorophyll (2-6 μ g/L) is visible in patches along- and offshore southwest Florida from Pinellas to Collier counties.

Harmful algal bloom formation at the coast of southwest Florida is not expected today through Monday, March 30.

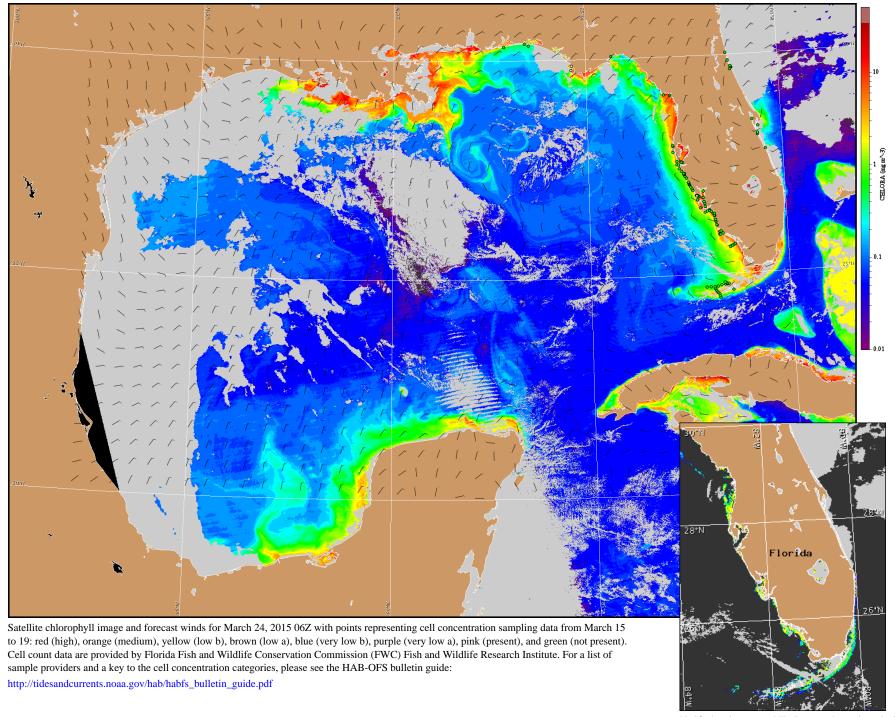
Kavanaugh, Davis, Lalime



Wind speed and direction are averaged over 12 hours from buoy measurements. Length of line indicates speed; angle indicates direction. Red indicates that the wind direction favors upwelling near the coast. Values to the left of the dotted vertical line are measured values; values to the right are forecasts. Wind observation and forecast data provided by NOAA's National Weather Service (NWS).

Wind Analysis

Englewood to Tarpon Springs (Venice): Southwest winds (10-15kn, 5-8m/s) today. Northwest to north winds (5-10kn, 3-5m/s) tonight through Tuesday night becoming northeast winds after midnight. East winds (10kn, 5m/s) Wednesday becoming south winds (5kn, 3m/s) Wednesday afternoon. West winds (5kn) Wednesday night becoming south to southwest winds (5-10kn) after midnight through Friday.



Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas of high chlorophyll concentration shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).